

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) — Basekim Marine Oil

**Product Name:** Basekim Marine Oil

**Supplier / Manufacturer:** Basekim Chemical Production Co., UAE / Turkey **Intended Use:** Lubrication for marine engines (cylinder oils, trunk piston engines, auxiliaries), corrosion protection, deposit control, long operating life in sea / salt-air environments.

**Emergency Contact:** Basekim Technical / Safety Department / Local Emergency

Services

## Section 1: Identification

Field	Details
Product Identifier	Marine Oil
Synonyms	Marine Engine Lubricant, Cylinder Oil, Trunk Piston Marine Oil
Uses	Lubrication of marine engines, main engines, auxiliaries; corrosion protection; deposit & sludge control.
Supplier	Basekim Chemical Production Co., UAE / Turkey
Website / Reference	Basekim Marine Oil product page <u>Basekim</u>

#### Section 2: Hazard Identification

## **GHS Classification (anticipated):**

- Skin Irritation Category 2
- Eye Irritation Category 2A
- Hazardous to aquatic life Acute Category 2 / Chronic Category 2
- Aspiration hazard Category 1 (if swallowed or if oil enters lungs)

Signal Word: WARNING

#### **Hazard Statements:**

- Causes skin irritation.
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.





## **Precautionary Statements:**

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Do not breathe mist or vapour.
- Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and protective clothing.
- If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Prevent release to the environment.

# Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Number	Approx. Concentration (%)	Function / Remarks
Highly refined mineral (hydrocarbon) base oils	64742-54-7 or similar	~ 85-95%	Lubricant base
Detergent / Dispersant additives	proprietary	~ 1-5%	Keeps soot, deposits suspended; protects cleanliness
Corrosion / Anti-rust Inhibitors	proprietary	~ 0.5-5%	Protection in salt & moisture environment
Oxidation / Thermal Stability Additives	proprietary	~0.5-3%	Preven <mark>t oil br</mark> eakdown over long use
Anti-wear Additives	proprietary	< 1-3%	Prot <mark>ect me</mark> tal surfac <mark>es unde</mark> r hig <mark>h load</mark> / pressure
Foam Suppressants / Demulsifiers (if needed)	proprietary	<1%	For water separation and to prevent foaming

Exact formulation depends on marine oil grade (e.g. cylinder oil vs auxiliary engine oil).

# Section 4: First Aid Measures

- Eye Contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.
- **Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation, rash, or other reaction develops, seek medical attention.
- **Inhalation:** Move person into fresh air. If breathing is difficult or symptoms persist, get medical attention.





• **Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Seek immediate medical assistance. Aspiration into lungs can cause chemical pneumonia.

# Section 5: Firefighting Measures

- **Flash Point:** Typically high (≥ ~180-230 °C depending on grade). (Fill in your specific value.)
- Suitable Extinguishing Media: Foam, dry chemical powder, CO<sub>2</sub>.
- Unsuitable Media: High-pressure water stream (may spread burning oil).
- Hazards from Combustion: May produce CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, smoke, oxides of sulfur or nitrogen, and other toxic fumes.
- Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), full protective gear.

## Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

- **Personal Precautions:** Wear gloves, protective eyewear, and protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Prevent inhalation of mist or vapour.
- Environmental Precautions: Prevent entry into drains or waterways. Marine oil can be harmful to aquatic life; oil slicks coat surfaces.
- Methods for Cleanup: Contain spill using absorbents (sand, earth, vermiculite).
  Recover oil as much as possible. Place waste in sealed, labelled containers. Wash contaminated surface with detergent, collect wash-water and dispose of per regulations.

# Section 7: Handling and Storage

- **Handling:** Use in well-ventilated areas. Avoid spills and splashes. Minimize generation of mist or vapor. Use clean tools & equipment.
- Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Protect from heat and open flames. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Avoid contamination from water, dirt, or other oils.
- Storage Temperature Range: ~5-40 °C (or as per your oil's spec).
- **Incompatibilities:** Strong oxidizing agents, acids, etc.





## Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

- Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs): For mineral oil mist (if aerosolized), follow local regulatory limits (often around 5 mg/m³ TWA).
- Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation, closed systems, avoid generating mist.
- PPE:
  - Eye protection: safety goggles or face shield
  - Skin protection: oil-resistant gloves (e.g. nitrile or similar) and protective clothing
  - Respiratory: if mist or vapor exceeds limits, use appropriate respirator
  - Hygiene: wash hands after handling; change out contaminated clothing

Section 9: Physical & Chemical Properties				
Property	Typical V <mark>alue /</mark> Range*			
Appearance	Clear to light-amber to medium brown liquid			
Odor	Mild hydrocarbon / petroleum smell			
Density @ 15 °C	~0.88-0.92 g/cm³ (depends on grade)			
Kinematic Viscosity @ 40 °C	~100-200 cSt for cylinder oils; lower for trunk piston or auxiliary oils			
Viscosity @ 100 °C	Corresponding lower (e.g. ~10-25 cSt)			
Viscosity Index	~90-110+			
Flash Point (Closed Cup)	~180-230 °C			
Pour Point	e.g12 to -20 °C (varies)			
Base Number (BN) or Alkalinity	Variable depend <mark>ing on</mark> grade (e.g <mark>. BN3</mark> 0, BN40, et <mark>c.)</mark>			
Water Separability / Demulsibility	Good performance needed in marine conditions			
Oxidation Stability	High resistance to sludge, varnish, deposit formation			

These are approximate typical values. Please insert your actual batch test results (COA).

# Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

- Stability: Stable under normal use and storage.
- Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat, open flame, contamination with water or other incompatible substances, prolonged exposure to air/oxygen at elevated temperature.





- **Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizers, acids.
- Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire or high heat: CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, smoke, sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides, possibly other decomposition products based on additive package.

# Section 11: Toxicological Information

- **Acute Toxicity:** Likely low via skin or ingestion for fresh oil; inhalation of mist or vapor can irritate.
- **Skin Contact:** Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dryness, irritation; risk of dermatitis if used oil or contaminated.
- **Eve Contact:** Can cause irritation.
- **Inhalation:** Vapor or mist may irritate respiratory tract.
- Chronic Effects: Prolonged exposure may lead to skin sensitization, possible hazards from contaminants or combustion products.

## Section 12: Ecological Information

- Aquatic Toxicity: Cemented risk; harmful to aquatic organisms; long-term effects likely.
- Persistence & Degradability: Base oils are not readily biodegradable; additive package may affect rate. Deposits & sludge may persist.
- **Bioaccumulation:** Some hydrocarbon components may bioaccumulate.
- Environmental Fate: Oil film formation on water, sediment binding, soil contamination risk.

#### Section 13: Disposal Considerations

- Dispose according to local / international environmental regulations.
- Used marine oil may be hazardous waste.
- Do not discharge into drains or environment.
- Collect and dispose of waste oil and contaminated packaging via licensed waste services.





## Section 14: Transport Information

- UN Number: Determined based on flash point and classification; many marine oils are shipped as non-hazardous unless flash point is low or additive hazard exists.
- **Proper Shipping Name:** Marine Lubricant or Lubricating Oil, N.O.S. (if additives)
- Hazard Class: Usually not flammable hazard (if flash point high) → otherwise Class 3 if flammable.
- Packing Group: Based on risk classification.
- Marine Pollutant: yes, due to potential environmental toxicity.

# Section 15: Regulatory Information

- Must comply with GHS labeling, local occupational safety & environmental laws.
- May require documentation for shipping / handling in marine contexts.

## Section 16: Other Information

- **Revision Date:** [Insert date]
- **Prepared By:** Basekim Technical / Safety Team
- **Disclaimer:** Information based on known formulations and typical behavior. Actual properties for a specific batch may differ. Users should test and verify in their own systems.